

Evaluate the following integrals if possible:

1.  $\int_1^{\infty} \frac{dx}{x^3}$

3.  $\int_0^4 \frac{dx}{\sqrt{x}}$

2.  $\int_1^4 \frac{dx}{(x-3)^3}$

4.  $\int_0^2 x \log(x) dx$

Find the arc length

1.  $y = \log(\cos(x)), 0 \leq x \leq \frac{\pi}{3}$

2.  $y = 1 + 2\sqrt{x^3}, 0 \leq x \leq 1$

- Find the arc length of  $x = t + 1, y = t^{\frac{3}{2}} - 1$  for  $1 \leq t \leq 2$
- Find the slope of the line tangent to  $x = \cos(\theta), y = \sin(2\theta)$  at  $\theta = \frac{\pi}{6}$
- Graph  $x(t) = t - 1, y(t) = t^2 + 1$  by eliminating the parameter
- For which  $t$  is  $x = t^2 + 1, y = t^2 + t$  concave up?
- Graph  $r = 2$
- Graph  $\theta = 3$
- Graph  $r = 1 - \sin(\theta)$
- Find the slope of the line tangent to  $r = 1 - \sin(\theta)$  at  $\theta = \frac{\pi}{3}$
- Write the equation for the ellipse with foci  $(0 \pm 5)$  and vertices  $(0, \pm 13)$
- Identify the conic and write in standard form  $x^2 = 2y^2 + 4y$
- Identify the conic given by  $r = \frac{3}{1 - 2 \cos(\theta)}$
- Write  $r = \frac{3}{1 - 2 \cos(\theta)}$  in standard form.
- Define  $\log(x)$
- Define  $2^{\sin(x)}$
- Define  $(1 - \frac{2}{x})^x$
- Compute  $\lim_{x \rightarrow \infty} (1 - \frac{2}{x})^x$